# Financial Statements and Other Financial Information

# Association for Institutional Research, Inc.

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 with Report of Independent Auditors



# Financial Statements and Other Financial Information

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

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# Report of Independent Auditors

Board of Directors Association for Institutional Research, Inc.

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of the Association for Institutional Research, Inc. (the Association) which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the related statements of activities and changes in net assets, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Association, as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Association and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Association's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued or available to be issued.



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# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Association's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Association's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.



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# Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited Association for Institutional Research, Inc.'s 2022 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated May 12, 2023. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

# Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and the schedule of findings and questioned costs relating to federal awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and the schedule of findings and questioned costs relating to federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 28, 2024 on our consideration of the Association's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Association's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Association's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Thomas Howell Ferguson P.A.

Tallahassee, Florida May 28, 2024

# Statements of Financial Position

		Decem	ber	31,
		2023		2022
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,165,120	\$	2,315,534
Accounts receivable		4,255		96,341
Prepaid expenses		121,929		112,099
Total current assets		3,291,304		2,523,974
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Property and equipment, net		136,622		311,855
Investments		1,437,700		2,219,122
Total assets	\$	4,865,626	\$	5,054,951
Total abboto	Ψ=	1,000,020	Ψ	2,021,721
Liabilities and net assets				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	103,292	\$	88,640
Accrued expenses	~	177,344	•	170,887
Unearned revenue		1,442,265		1,884,479
Total current liabilities		1,722,901		2,144,006
Total carrent hadinted		1,722,701		2,111,000
Total liabilities		1,722,901		2,144,006
	_			_,,
Net assets:				
Without donor restrictions				
Undesignated		3,091,385		2,857,739
With donor restrictions		, , -		, ,
Scholarship fund		51,340		53,206
Total net assets	_	3,142,725		2,910,945
Total liabilities and net assets	<u> </u>	4,865,626	\$	5,054,951
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# Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets

		Years	ended Decem	ber 31,
		2023		2022
	Without			
	Donor	With Donor		
	Restrictions	Restrictions	<b>Total</b>	<b>Total</b>
Changes in net assets:				
Revenue and other support:				
Contribution revenue	\$ -	\$ 1,100	\$ 1,100	\$ 900
Forum and related activities	1,131,986	-	1,131,986	860,066
Grants and contracts	2,720,345	-	2,720,345	2,296,006
Educational programs	421,267	-	421,267	672,973
Other revenue	13,722	-	13,722	1,917
Gain on sale of building held for	ŕ		ŕ	•
sale	-	-	_	7,028
Net assets released from				,
restrictions	2,966	(2,966)	-	-
Total revenue and other support	4,290,286	(1,866)	4,288,420	3,838,890
11				
Program services:				
Membership services	202,324	-	202,324	98,140
Forum and related activities	1,406,803	_	1,406,803	1,487,914
Grants and contracts	1,687,564	_	1,687,564	1,091,287
Educational services	319,659	_	319,659	445,921
Total program services	3,616,350		3,616,350	3,123,262
1		<del></del> -		
Support services	703,308	_	703,308	657,330
Total expenses	4,319,658		4,319,658	3,780,592
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Change in net assets from				
operations	(29,372)	(1,866)	(31,238)	58,298
op or with the	(=> ,= : =)	(1,000)	(01,200)	20,200
Investment income (loss), net of				
expenses	263,018	_	263,018	(170,743)
	_00,010		200,010	(170,710)
Change in net assets	233,646	(1,866)	231,780	(112,445)
		(-,)		(,::-)
Net assets at beginning of year	2,857,739	53,206	2,910,945	3,023,390
Ø:	,		1	
Net assets at end of year	\$ <u>3,091,385</u>	<b>\$</b> 51,340	\$ <u>3,142,725</u>	\$ <u>2,910,945</u>
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Association for Institutional Research, Inc.

Statement of Functional Expenses

Year ended December 31, 2023

			Ē	Forum and								
	Mem Ser	Membership Services	7	Related Activities	<u> </u>	Grants and Contracts	Edu	Educational Services	<b>3</b> 1 <b>3</b> 1	Support Services		Total
Expenses												
Personnel costs	↔	167,015	\$	572,152	S	963,301	S	157,870	S	357,126	ઝ	2,217,464
Grants and awards		3,194		5,847		95,408		376		1,892		106,717
Bank and credit card processing fees		3,752		26,309		23,199		6,194		16,692		76,146
Building expenses		863		6,052		4,341		1,425		11,481		24,162
Computer equipment and furniture		8,633		69,713		53,377		14,252		73,056		219,031
Amortization and depreciation		5,814		40,765		35,945		44,420		48,289		175,233
Legal		1		ı		ı		ı		4,003		4,003
Meeting costs		ı		495,797		21,897		30,357		28,785		576,836
Other expenses		227		32,449		ı		498		9,605		42,779
Printing, supplies, and postage		38		6,170		361		969		789		8,053
Professional services		8,161		101,400		376,674		45,583		89,029		620,847
Marketing and communication		1		13,459		ı		101		1		13,560
Staff support costs		683		4,292		9,842		3,150		7,674		25,641
Travel		3,944		32,398		103,219		14,738		54,887		209,186
Total expenses	<del>∽</del>	202,324	<del>∽</del>	1,406,803	<del>∽</del>	1,687,564	<del>∽</del>	319,659	ዏ	703,308	<del>∽</del>	4,319,658

See accompanying notes.

Association for Institutional Research, Inc.

Statement of Functional Expenses

Year ended December 31, 2022

			Ē	Forum and								
	Mer Se	Membership Services	1	Related Activities	<u> </u>	Grants and Contracts	Edu	Educational Services		Support Services		Total
Expenses												
Personnel costs	↔	78,987	\$	552,856	S	762,625	\$	207,324	S	330,305	<del>∕</del>	1,932,097
Grants and awards		2,178		8,900		1		1		•		11,078
Bank and credit card processing fees		1,405		21,515		13,634		6,443		11,704		54,701
Building expenses		959		10,051		6,371		3,010		•		20,088
Computer equipment and furniture		4,592		121,794		44,585		28,812		71,018		270,801
Depreciation and amortization		3,019		46,250		29,318		53,173		50,790		182,550
Legal		•		ı		ı		ı		1		•
Meeting costs		55		497,495		2,227		38,214		19,991		557,982
Other expenses		45		886'09		319		359		39,736		101,447
Printing, supplies, and postage		101		12,414		1,314		1,249		1,598		16,676
Professional services		4,718		104,946		198,008		68,251		88,382		464,305
Marketing and communication		•		835		ı		1		•		835
Staff support costs		258		4,018		2,569		1,882		5,125		13,852
Travel		2,126		45,852		30,317		37,204		38,681		154,180
Total expenses	<del>∽</del>	98,140	ዏ	1,487,914	<del>∽</del>	1,091,287	<del>∽</del>	445,921	<del>∽</del>	657,330	<del>∽</del>	3,780,592

See accompanying notes.

# Statements of Cash Flows

	<u>Y</u>	ears ended <b>I</b> 2023	ec —	ember 31, 2022
Operating activities				
Change in net assets	\$	231,780	\$	(112,445)
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash				
(used in) provided by operating activities				
Amortization and depreciation		175,233		182,550
Change in unrealized (gains) losses on investments		(186,347)		223,458
Realized losses (gains) on sale of investments, net		8,170		(16,743)
Gain on disposal of property and equipment		-		(7,028)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable		92,086		(85,093)
Contracts and grants receivable		-		10,997
Prepaid expenses		(9,830)		(6,442)
Accounts payable		14,652		1,720
Accrued expenses		6,457		12,636
Unearned revenue	_	(442,214)	_	983,656
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	-	(110,013)		1,187,266
Investing activities				
Proceeds from sale of investments		2,459,599		2,362,531
Purchases of investments		(1,500,000)		(2,280,230)
Proceeds from sale of building held for sale		-		500,000
Purchases of property and equipment		-		(70,689)
Net cash provided by investing activities	_	959,599		511,612
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		849,586		1,698,878
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		2,315,534		616,656
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	3,165,120	\$	2,315,534

#### Notes to Financial Statements

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

# 1. Nature of Operations and Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Nature of Association**

The Association for Institutional Research, Inc. (the Association) is a Florida corporation operating as a nonprofit organization exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC). The Association is a global association that empowers higher education professionals at all levels to utilize data, analytics, information, and evidence to make decisions and take actions that benefit students and institutions and improve higher education.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The Association uses the accrual basis of accounting. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The significant accounting policies are described below.

#### **Revenue Recognition**

Revenues are recognized when the earnings process is substantially complete and services have been performed. Forum and workshop revenues are recognized in the period to which they are related. Grant revenue is recognized as related grant expenditures are incurred.

The Association recognizes grants, contracts and contributions of cash or other assets as with donor restrictions if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When a donor's restriction expires, when a stipulated time restriction ends, or the purpose restriction is accomplished, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions. Contributions received with donor-imposed restrictions, if any, that may be met in the same year in which the contributions are received are classified as contributions without donor restrictions.

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Association considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less from the date of purchase to be cash equivalents.

#### **Accounts Receivable**

Accounts receivable are stated at net realizable value, and accounts deemed uncollectible by management are expensed as bad debts. There is no material difference between the direct write-off method used by the Association and the allowance method required by accounting principles generally accepted by the United States of America.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

# 1. Nature of Operations and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Investments**

Investments are reported at fair value in the statements of financial position. Unrealized gains and losses are included in the change in net assets in the accompanying statements of activities and changes in net assets.

#### **Property and Equipment**

Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Renewals and enhancements that materially extend the lives of the assets are capitalized. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. Upon retirement or sale, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is then recognized as income.

The cost of property and equipment is depreciated over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets.

	Useful Lives
Software	5

#### **Functional Allocation of Expenses**

The costs of providing the various programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statements of activities and changes in net assets. The statement of functional expenses presents the natural classification detail of expenses by function. Certain categories of expenses are attributable to one or more programs or supporting functions of the Association. Many expenses are clearly attributable to specific programs and are assigned directly to the respective program. Salary and benefit expenses are allocated based on estimates of time and effort submitted by employees on a monthly basis. Other shared expenses, such as office and building expenses, are allocated between support services and specific programs based on direct costs as well as by an internal review by management.

#### **Income Taxes**

The Association is a not-for-profit organization that is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the IRC and has been classified as an other-than private foundation. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been made in the accompanying financial statements. The Association is no longer subject to examinations by major tax jurisdictions for years ended December 31, 2019 and prior.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

### 1. Nature of Operations and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# **Subsequent Events**

The Association has evaluated subsequent events through May 28, 2024, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. During the period from December 31, 2023 to May 28, 2024, the Association did not have any material recognizable subsequent events.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

# 2. Available Resources and Liquidity

The Association receives contributions, grants and investment income and considers these revenue streams to be without donor restrictions (if unspecified) and available to meet cash needs for general expenditures. The Association manages its liquidity to meet 180 days of operating expenses.

The table below presents financial assets available for general expenditures within one year at December 31:

	_	2023		2022
Financial assets at year end:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,165,120	\$	2,315,534
Accounts receivable		4,255		96,341
Investments	_	1,437,700	_	2,219,122
Total financial assets		4,607,075		4,630,997
Net assets with donor restrictions	_	(51,340)	_	(53,206)
Financial assets available to meet general				
expenditures within one year	<b>\$_</b>	4,555,735	\$	4,577,791

#### Notes to Financial Statements

#### 3. Investments

The Fair Value Measurement and Disclosures Topic of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification establishes a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under the Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Topic are described as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Observable market based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by the market data.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are not corroborated by market data.

Investments may include money market funds, securities and bonds and are reported at fair value. The fair values of debt and equity investments that are readily marketable are determined by obtaining quoted prices on nationally recognized securities exchanges (Level 1 inputs) or by quoted market prices of similar securities with similar due dates or matrix pricing, which is a mathematical technique widely used in the industry to value debt securities without relying exclusively on quoted prices for the specific securities but rather by relying on the securities' relationship to other benchmark quoted securities (Level 2 inputs).

Investments consist of the following at December 31, 2023:

			Unrealiz	ed	Market and		
			Gains		Carrying		
		Cost	(Losses	<u>)                                    </u>	Value		Level 1
Fixed income	<b>\$_</b>	1,430,319	<b>\$</b> 7,3	<u>381</u> :	§ 1,437,700	\$_	1,437,700
Total	<b>\$_</b>	1,430,319	\$ 7,3	<u>381</u> .	\$ <u>1,437,700</u>	\$_	1,437,700

Investments consist of the following at December 31, 2022:

			1	Unrealized Gains		Iarket and Carrying		
		Cost		(Losses)		Value		Level 1
Mutual funds	\$	1,122,600	\$	(214,784)	\$	907,816	\$	907,816
Exchange traded funds		264,554		(11,607)		252,947		252,947
Fixed income		1,055,426	_	2,933		1,058,359	_	1,058,359
Total	\$_	2,442,580	\$_	(223,458)	\$_	2,219,122	\$_	2,219,122

#### Notes to Financial Statements

#### 3. Investments (continued)

Investment activity for the years ended December 31:

		2023	2022
Interest and dividends	\$	76,671 \$	35,972
Realized (loss) gain on investments sold		(29,730)	16,743
Change in unrealized gain (loss) during the year		216,077	(223,458)
Net investment income (loss)	<b>\$</b>	263,018 \$	(170,743)

# 4. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consists of the following at December 31:

		2023	_	2022
Software	\$	1,110,388	\$	1,110,388
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		<u>(973,766</u> )		<u>(798,533</u> )
Property and equipment, net	\$_	136,622	\$_	311,855

Depreciation and amortization expense totaled \$175,233 and \$182,550 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

#### 5. Concentration of Credit Risk

The Association's financial instruments exposed to concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of its cash, cash equivalents, and investments. The Association maintains its cash and cash equivalents at several financial institutions. Deposits with financial institutions are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000 per depositor, per FDIC-insured financial institution. Bank deposits at times may exceed federally insured limits. The Association has not experienced any losses in such accounts.

All investment transactions have credit exposure to the extent that a counterparty may default on an obligation to the Association. Credit risk is a consequence of carrying investment positions. To manage credit risk, the Association focuses primarily on higher quality, fixed income and equity securities, reviews the credit strength of all entities in which it invests, limits its exposure in any one investment, and monitors portfolio quality, taking into account credit ratings assigned by recognized credit rating organizations.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

# 5. Concentration of Risk (continued)

The Association received approximately 37% and 51% of its revenue from the Research Triangle Institute (RTI) International contract during the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. At December 31, 2023 and 2022, 0% of the grants and contract receivable balance relates to the RTI International contract.

#### 6. Revenue from Contracts with Customers

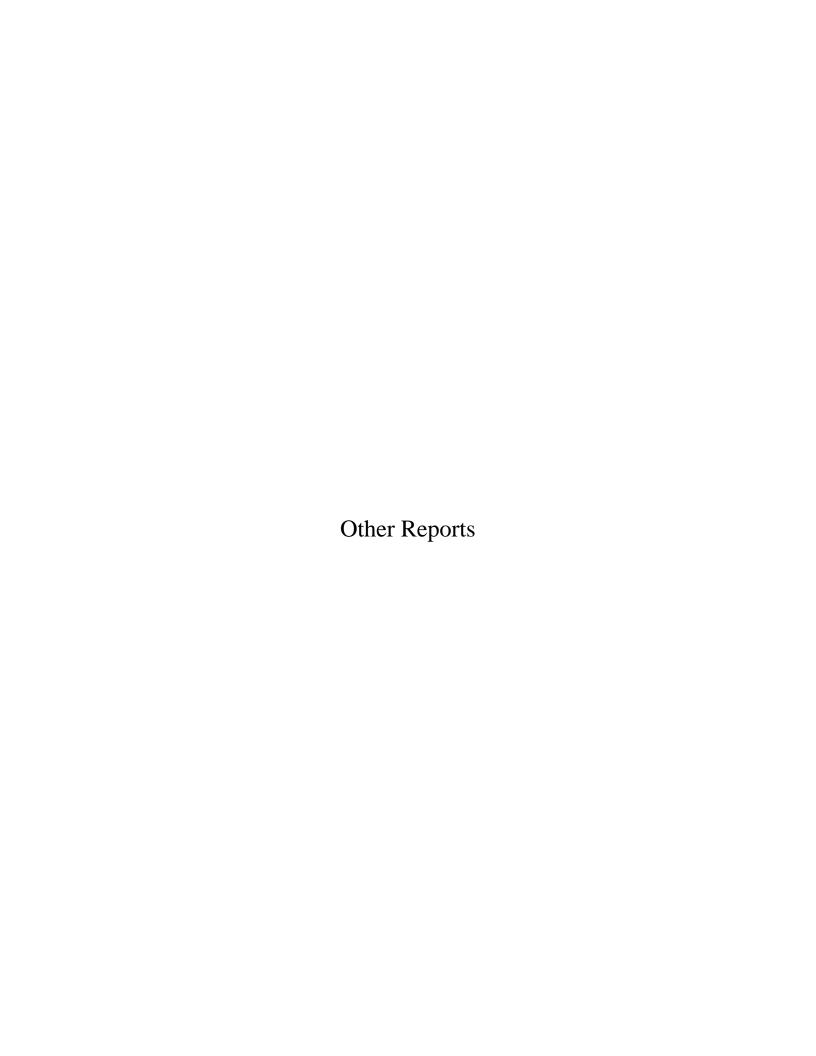
The following table provides information about significant changes in unearned revenue for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022:

	2023		2022		
Unearned revenue, beginning of year	\$	1,884,479	\$	900,823	
Revenue recognized that was included in					
unearned revenue at the beginning of year		(1,235,195)		(442,296)	
Increases in unearned revenue due to cash					
received during the year	_	792,981	_	1,425,952	
Unearned revenue, end of year	\$_	1,442,265	\$	1,884,479	

The unearned revenue at end of year represents the amounts received during the current year that cannot be recognized until their performance obligations have been satisfied in the following year when the Association's annual forum occurs, when certain member discounts expire, and when obligations relating to grants and contracts are performed.

#### 7. Retirement Plan

The Association has a Section 403(b) defined contribution retirement plan (the Plan) for its employees. The Association makes a discretionary contribution for all eligible employees irrespective of whether the employee contributes. The discretionary contribution equaled 5% of the employee's annual compensation for 2023 and 4% of the employee's annual compensation for 2022. The Plan is funded 100% annually. The Association's contributions to the Plan for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 totaled \$91,843 and \$63,826, respectively.





Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* 

Board of Directors Association for Institutional Research, Inc.

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of Association for Institutional Research, Inc. (the Association), which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2023, and the related statements of activities and changes in net assets, functional expenses and cash flows for the year ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 28, 2024.

# **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Association's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Association's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Association's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.



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# **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Association's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Thomas Howell Ferguson P.A.

Tallahassee, Florida May 28, 2024



Report of Independent Auditors on Compliance for the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Directors Association for Institutional Research, Inc.

### Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

### Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We have audited the Association for Institutional Research, Inc.'s (the Association) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Association's major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2023. The Association's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Association complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2023.

# Basis for Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Association and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Association's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.



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# Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Association's federal program.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Association's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Association's compliance with the requirements of the federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Association's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the Association's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Association's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.



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We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Thomas Howell Ferguson P.A.

Tallahassee, Florida May 28, 2024

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year ended December 31, 2023

Grantor and Program Title	CFDA/CSFA Number		Total Expenditures	
Federal Grantor United States Department of Education				
Pass-Through Research Triangle Institute (RTI): Integrated Post-Secondary Educational Data Systems	84.EDIES13C0056	\$	716,495	
Total Federal Awards		\$	716,495	

**Note 1** - This Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the Federal grant activity of the Association for Institutional Research, Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2023, and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations (CFR)* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards.* 

**Note 2** - Amounts included on this Schedule include only the expenditure of Federal Awards received from an awarding agency. The amounts on the accompanying statements of activities and changes in net assets include additional expenditures associated with other resources committed by the Association for purposes of fulfilling the grant program.

**Note 3** - The Association has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Relating to Federal Awards

Year ended December 31, 2023

#### Section I -- Summary of Auditor's Results

#### Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified? No Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weaknesses? None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Programs

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs?

Unmodified

Internal control over Federal programs:

Material weakness(es) identified? No Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? None reported

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with

Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative

No Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)?

Identification of major programs:

CFDA Number Name of Federal Program

84.EDIES13C0056 United States Department of Education

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$ 716,495

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes

#### Section II -- Financial Statement Findings

We noted no matters involving internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we considered to be material weaknesses, significant deficiencies, and /or control deficiencies required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

We noted no instances of matters involving noncompliance that are required to be reported in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200.

#### Section IV -- Other Matters

No prior year findings.

See report of independent auditors.