

# **IPEDS Overview**

## **Tutorial Script**

### **2024-25 Data Collection**

On behalf of the National Center for Education Statistics, NCES, and the Association for Institutional Research, AIR, welcome to this tutorial on the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System. This tutorial will explain the past, and present, of the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System, also known as IPEDS. It will help you understand which federal agency is in charge of IPEDS; what IPEDS is; and how, and by whom, data are used.

The National Center for Education Statistics oversees IPEDS and is the primary federal entity for collecting and analyzing data related to education. NCES is located within the U.S. Department of Education and the Institute of Education Sciences. The structure and activities of the center are detailed in this image. NCES fulfills a Congressional mandate to collect, collate, analyze, and report complete statistics on the condition of American education; conduct and publish reports; and review and report on education activities internationally.

IPEDS is the core postsecondary data collection system for NCES and is designed to collect data from all institutions that are eligible to receive Title IV federal student aid and have a primary mission of providing postsecondary education. IPEDS collects institution-level data in the areas of enrollment, program completion, faculty, staff, graduation rates, financial aid, finances, admissions, libraries, cost, and outcome measures. Together, IPEDS data represent the public face of an institution. Access to information, resources and data tools can be found on the IPEDS homepage.

Prior to the establishment of IPEDS in 1986, data from colleges and universities were collected through the Higher Education General Information Survey System, or HEGIS. In fact, the federal government has collected postsecondary data since the 1800s and data collection by the federal government has evolved to meet the changing needs of federal policy questions. Since 1993, any institution that has or has applied for a Program Participation Agreement with the U.S. Department of Education to participate in federal student financial aid must complete each of the IPEDS surveys in a timely and accurate manner.

The Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended, requires that institutions that participate in federal student aid programs report data on enrollments, program completions, graduation rates, faculty and staff, finances, institutional costs, and student financial aid and stipulates, "...institutions will complete surveys conducted as part of the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS)...in a timely manner and to the satisfaction of the Secretary."

Institutions receiving Title IV funding (student financial aid) must complete the IPEDS surveys. Currently, there are about 6,000 institutions that submit IPEDS surveys, with a number doing so voluntarily. NCES is required to provide a list of noncompliant institutions to the Office of

Federal Student Aid. Non-compliance can result in warnings and costly fines or even loss of Title IV funding. More information about fines can be found by following the link on the screen to the statutory requirements page.

The on-screen image representing IPEDS University helps illustrate how the IPEDS survey components fit together. As this tutorial progresses, the survey components will come together and construct the building that comprises IPEDS University! We will begin with the foundation.

The Institutional Characteristics survey component, collects general information about the institution, including control or affiliation, calendar system, mission, levels of degrees, awards offered, types of programs, student services, and athletic association. These data are key to accurate reporting as some are used to determine the reporting for the remaining IPEDS survey components.

The Cost survey collects student charges data including tuition for different levels and cost data for first-time, full-time students either for programs or for an academic year. In addition, data from this component are used to calculate an average net price at each institution.

The Admissions component is completed by all institutions that do not have an open admissions policy on the undergraduate selection process for first-time, degree/certificate-seeking students. This component collects data on the admissions requirements for the institution, including 25<sup>th</sup>, 50<sup>th</sup>, and 75<sup>th</sup> percentile layouts for ACT and SAT scores for students whose test scores were used for admissions. Additionally, the number of applicants, admitted students, and enrolled students is collected on this component. Test scores and number of applicants, admissions, and enrollments should only be reported for first-time students.

Two survey components collect information on student enrollment – 12-month Enrollment and Fall Enrollment. The purpose of the 12-month Enrollment component is to collect unduplicated student enrollment counts and instructional activity data for an entire 12-month period. Data collected include students enrolled by level, race/ethnicity, and gender. Instructional activity is collected as total credit and/or clock hours attempted at the undergraduate and graduate levels.

The Fall Enrollment component collects data on the number of students enrolled for credit in courses and programs that could lead to the awarding of degrees and certificates. Fall enrollment data are collected by level of student, attendance status, race and ethnicity, and gender. Student enrollment by distance education status, including the state in which they live if they are exclusively distance education, is collected as well. Other data collected annually include data on the institution's undergraduate entering class, first-time student retention rates, and the student-to-faculty ratio. Every other year data on enrollment by nine selected fields of study are collected, as is residency of first-time degree and certificate-seeking undergraduate students. In opposite years, enrollment by student age is collected.

Now, we come to the main areas related to the operation of the institution: Human Resources, Student Financial Aid, Academic Libraries, and Finance. The primary purpose of the Human Resources component is to collect the number of staff by employment status, both full-time and part-time, and occupational category.

The Student Financial Aid component collects information about financial aid provided to various groups of undergraduate students. It collects information on students receiving financial aid, the type of aid, and the average amount of aid.

The IPEDS Finance component collects basic financial information from items associated with the institution's General Purpose Financial Statements. Finance collects data on institutional revenues by source, expenses by functional and natural classification, and assets and liabilities. This information provides context for understanding the cost of providing postsecondary education.

The Academic Libraries component collects basic information on the institution's library. The data collected includes information on collection and circulation for any institution with a library budget greater than 0. For institutions with a library budget greater than \$100,000, additional information on expenditures and interlibrary services are collected.

The top of the building represents the final pieces of the institution, the completions and graduation data for its students. Completions collects data on the number of awards conferred by postsecondary institutions during the 12-month time period beginning July 1 and ending June 30th. Data are collected by race/ethnicity and gender for each award level within each program. Data are collected for both first and second major fields of study. Additionally, Completions collects data on the number of students receiving an award, by award level, race/ethnicity, gender and age. Finally, Completions collects whether programs can be taken exclusively via distance education.

The Graduation Rates component tracks the cohort of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates, as well as their completion status at 100% and 150% of normal time at postsecondary institutions. These data are collected to assist institutions in complying with the Student Right-to-Know Act. Two hundred percent (200%) Graduation Rates (GR200) collects data on the number of students that graduated within 200% of normal time. Data are collected to calculate this graduation rate for bachelor degree-seeking students at 4-year institutions and for all students at less than 4-year institutions. GR200 also helps institutions to comply with the Student Right-to-Know Act.

In Outcome Measures, degree-granting institutions report the outcomes of degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students who are not only first-time, full-time students, but also part-time attending and non-first time (transfer-in) students. These four groups are further broken down by whether students received a Federal Pell Grant. The award status is measured at 4-, 6-, and 8-years after the students enter the institution. For students that did not receive an award after 8 years, the enrollment status is reported.

Although each component is a unique entity, together they provide researchers, administrators, and the general public with a profile of an institution. In addition, NCES creates a Data Feedback Report, or DFR, for each institution on an annual basis. The report is intended to provide institutions a context for examining the data they submit to IPEDS. NCES' goal is to produce a report that is useful to institutional executives and that may help improve the quality and comparability of IPEDS data. This report is available from the IPEDS Use the Data page.

The IPEDS collection year can be separated into four periods. During the registration period in early August, institutions complete the IC component. The fall collection period, which runs from early

September to mid-October, consists of the Cost (Section 1), Completions, and 12-month Enrollment components. Although the Winter and Spring collection periods close at different times, they open together in early December. During the Winter Collection period, which ends in mid-February, institutions complete the Student Financial Aid, Cost (Sections 2 and 3), Graduation Rates, Outcome Measures, and Admissions components. Finally, the Finance, Human Resources, Fall Enrollment, and Academic Libraries components are completed during the Spring collection period, which ends in late April.

The number of individuals and organizations using IPEDS data is vast and diverse. NCES' College Navigator provides quick and basic information on institutions that can be retrieved by students, guidance counselors, parents, and others. More in-depth information for researchers and administrators is available through the Use the Data page on the NCES website.

Accountability groups and accrediting agencies use IPEDS data to compare institutions or to ensure appropriate use of resources. IPEDS data has many audiences, and it is increasingly important that the data submitted to IPEDS be accurate. It is the responsibility of the institution to ensure that the data are precise and that they accurately reflect the institutions' activities. The impact of low-quality data may affect more than just a research project, there may be consequences associated with accrediting agencies and state or federal policies.

IPEDS data are released through tables in the IPEDS Data Explorer, available on the IPEDS Use the Data page. Provisional data are generally released within 6-8 months of the end of a data collection; however, the timing varies due to the need to perform quality control checks, follow-up with institutions, and go through the NCES review process. Final data are released approximately 1 year after the provisional data, and include edits made by institutions in the year following the initial collection.

More information on IPEDS is available from the AIR IPEDS Training Center and NCES' IPEDS website. Institutional data can be viewed through College Navigator and the IPEDS Use the Data page.

For more information on the material presented in the tutorial, please contact the IPEDS Help Desk.